

University of Arizona, Tucson October 19, 2015

Presentation Outline

- Historical water development
- Current challenges and opportunities
- Where to from here
- Never let a crisis go to Waste





- Swamp and Overflow Act
- Central Valley Flood System
- Water System Development





















U.S. Drought Monitor California

October 6, 2015

(Released Thursday, Oct. 8, 2015) Valid 8 a.m. EDT

Drought Conditions (Percent Area)



	None	D0-D4	D1-D4	D2-D4	D3-D4	D4
Current	0.14	99.86	97.33	92.36	71.08	46.00
Last Week 829/2015	0.14	99.86	97.33	92.36	71.08	46.00
3 Month s Ago 7/7/2015	0.14	99.86	98.71	94.59	71.08	46.73
Start of Calendar Year 12302014	0.00	100.00	98.12	94.34	77.94	32.21
Start of Water Year 929/2015	0.14	99.86	97.33	92.36	71.08	46.00
One Year Ago 107/2014	0.00	100.00	100.00	95.04	81.92	58.41

Intensity:







D4 Exceptional Drought

D2 Severe Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. See accompanying text summary for forecast statements.

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http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/



Ending At Midnight - October 11, 2015



Graph Undated 10/12/2015 09:15 AM

Lake McClure, 2010 / 2015



U.S. Seasonal Drought Outlook Valid for September 17-December 31, 2015 Drought Tendency During the Valid Period Released September 17, 2015



Depicts large-scale trends based on subjectively derived probabilities guided by short- and long-range statistical and dynamical forecasts. Use caution for applications that can be affected by short lived events. "Ongoing" drought areas are based on the U.S. Drought Monitor areas (intensities of D1 to D4).

NOTE: The tan areas imply at least a 1-category improvement in the Drought Monitor intensity levels by the end of the period, although drought will remain. The green areas imply drought removal by the end of the period (D0 or none).

Drought persists/intensifies

Drought remains but improves

Drought removal likely

Drought development likely



http://go.usa.gov/3eZ73



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Water System Challenges

- Increasing Population
- Aging infrastructure
- Groundwater overdraft
- Degraded ecosystems
- Increasing conflict
- Management fragmentation
- Uncertainty due to climate change



Addressing the Challenge

- Achieving sustainable water management through:
 - Integrated Water Management
 - Groundwater Management
 - Urban Water Use Efficiency
 - Stormwater Capture
 - Recycled Water
 - Reservoir Reoperation
 - Flood Management



Groundwater in Context

- About 40% of supply in an average year; 60% in dry
- Many urban/rural areas 100% dependent
- Critical part of integrated management
- Excellent drought buffer (at risk)
- Groundwater overdraft impacts



Groundwater in Context

Several decades of increasing use

- Reduction in surface supplies
- Hardening of demand
- Increasing landowner conflicts







- Develop and protect leadership
- Reframe the debate/compelling information
- New coalitions
- Policy reform



Leadership



Compelling Information





CALIFORNIA



Reframing the Debate

EVERYONE'S TALKING ABOUT WATER. FOR ONCE, THEY'RE SAYING THE SAME THING



Coalitions and Support

- Water Agencies
- Business Groups
- Environmental Nonprofits
- Ag Leaders
- Administration & Legislature

Media Statistics Editorials and Op-eds

- 18 positive editorials statewide
 - 4 supporting groundwater reform
 - 12 supporting specific legislation
 - 2 urging Governor to sign bills
 - 4 million print impressions, 31 million online
- 13 positive opinion pieces published
 - 5 by groundwater voices
 - 4 by Lester Snow
 - 4 by other supportive orgs, individuals
 - 750k print impressions, 1 million online

Groundwater Policy



Crisis Into Opportunity



Problems With Overdraft

- Subsidence threatens infrastructure
- Reduced surface water flow/ecosystem impacts
- Reduced surface supplies
- Increased drilling/pumping costs/ghg emissions
- Increased costs for taxpayers, business, farmers

Change in Groundwater Storage for the Central Valley

RMC analysis of C2VSIM historical simulation results, 2012.

-Cumulative Storage Change

Sustainable Groundwater Management Act (SGMA)

- Fundamental change in groundwater management
- Sustainability Goal (20 years with 5 year milestones)
- Local Empowerment
 - Local authorities to manage groundwater
 - Local agency formation (GSAs)
 - Local plans (GSPs)
 - "Exempts" adjudicated basins
- State Role
 - Assistance (financial and technical)
 - Plan Review
 - Back-Stop

Sustainability: Manage groundwater to prevent undesirable results (significant & unreasonable):

- Chronic lowering of groundwater levels
- Reduction of groundwater storage
- Seawater intrusion
- Degraded water quality
- Land subsidence
- Depletions of interconnected surface water

Integrated Water Management

Transformative Moment for California Water

- Invest in water infrastructure
- Create markets to move water
- Drive water conservation
- Ensure everyone has safe, reliable water

Invest in Water Infrastructure

- Water reuse and recycling
- DAC connection and treatment
- Stormwater capture and use
- Storage and Conveyance (small and large)
- Infrastructure Funding
 - Bonds, Fees, 218

Time Frame for Success

Time	Action
6/30/2017	Formation of GSAs
1/31/2020	Completion of GSPs in critically overdrafted basins
1/31/2022	Completion of GSPs in all other basins
20-year implementation period	Implementation of GSPs under local management

Taking these actions shields local managers from state intervention

The "Backstop" State Board Intervention

After	Cause of Intervention
6/30/2017	No GSAs
1/31/2020	In critically overdarfted basins, no GSA or GSP is inadequate
1/31/2022	In other basins, no GSA or GSP inadequate and basin in long-term overdraft
1/31/2025	GSP is inadequate and significant depletions of interconnected surface waters

In all triggering events, interventions is the result of a failure by the locals to create a GSA and adopt and implement a GSP.

Moving to Implementation

- Shape agency rules
- Support progressive leaders
- Manage legislative follow-up

CASGEM Groundwater Basin Prioritization

CASGEM Groundwater Basin Prioritization Southern California

Problems with Overdraft

